



**Inclusion Policy  
and  
Special Educational Needs and Disabilities Policy**

## Holy Trinity and S. Silas

### Our Mission Statement

Holy Trinity and S. Silas School was founded by the Church in 1847 to serve the community and to provide an education for every child in the area.

We offer all our children an education of the highest quality taught through the arts and lived through the principles and practice of the Christian faith. We provide a place where all children and adults know their contribution is valued and where they can develop their own faith in God and in one another.

We aim to help every child develop to their full potential, to achieve highly, succeed, and grow in confidence and abilities. Our inspiring curriculum provides all the skills every child will need for life, it develops their self-confidence, awakens their imagination and encourages them to think independently.

We value the diversity of backgrounds and cultures which enrich our life and help our school become the unique place it is. The life of our school is integral to that of the Parish: we both contribute to our local community and benefit from it in our achievements.

It is with this unity that we fulfil our school motto:

‘Fortis in Fide’



‘Strong in the Faith’

# Inclusion Policy

## 1 Introduction

1.1 The mission statement of our school talks of valuing the individuality of all of our children. We are committed to giving all of our children every opportunity to achieve the highest of standards. We do this by taking account of pupils' varied life experiences and needs. We offer a broad and balanced curriculum and have high expectations for all children. The achievements, attitudes and well-being of all our children matter. This policy helps to ensure that this school promotes the individuality of all our children, irrespective of ethnicity, attainment, age, disability, gender or background.

## 2 Aims and objectives

2.1 Our school aims to be an inclusive school. We actively seek to remove the barriers to learning and participation that can hinder or exclude individual pupils, or groups of pupils. This means that equality of opportunity must be a reality for our children. We make this a reality through the attention we pay to the different groups of children within our school:

- girls and boys;
- minority ethnic and faith groups;
- children who need support to learn English as an additional language;
- children with special educational needs;
- gifted and talented children;
- children who are at risk of disaffection or exclusion;
- travellers and asylum seekers.

2.2 The National Curriculum is our starting point for planning a curriculum that meets the specific needs of individuals and groups of children. We meet these needs through:

- setting suitable learning challenges;
- responding to children's diverse learning needs;
- overcoming potential barriers to learning and assessment for individuals and groups of pupils;
- providing other curricular opportunities outside the National Curriculum to meet the needs of individuals or groups of children. (This includes speech and language therapy and mobility training.)

2.3 We achieve educational inclusion by continually reviewing what we do, through asking ourselves these key questions:

- do all our children achieve their best?
- are there differences in the achievement of different groups of children?
- what are we doing for those children who we know are not achieving their best?
- are our actions effective?
- are we successful in promoting racial harmony and preparing pupils to live in a diverse society?

## 3 Teaching and learning style

3.1 We aim to give all our children the opportunity to succeed and reach the highest level of personal achievement. We analyse the attainment of different groups of pupils to ensure that all pupils are achieving as much as they can. We also make ongoing assessments of each child's progress. Teachers use this information when planning their lessons. It enables them to take into account the abilities of all their children. For some children, we use the programmes of study from earlier key

stages. This enables some of our children to make progress in their own lessons, perhaps after significant amounts of time spent away from school.

- 3.2 When the attainment of a child falls significantly below the expected level, teachers enable the child to succeed by planning work that is in line with that child's individual needs. Where the attainment of a child significantly exceeds the expected level of attainment, teachers use materials from a later key stage, or extend the breadth of work within the area or areas for which the child shows particular aptitude.
- 3.3 Teachers are familiar with the relevant equal opportunities legislation covering race, gender and disability.
- 3.4 Teachers ensure children:
  - feel secure and know that their contributions are valued;
  - appreciate and value the differences they see in others;
  - take responsibility for their own actions;
  - participate safely, in clothing that is appropriate to their religious beliefs;
  - are taught in groupings that allow them all to experience success;
  - use materials that reflect a range of social and cultural backgrounds, without stereotyping;
  - have a common curriculum experience that allows for a range of different learning styles;
  - have challenging targets that enable them to succeed;
  - are encouraged to participate fully, regardless of disabilities or medical needs.

#### **4 Children with disabilities**

- 4.1 Some children in our school have disabilities and consequently need additional resources. The school is committed to providing an environment that allows these children full access to all areas of learning. The school has undertaken an accessibility audit with the view to meeting both parent's and children's needs as fully as possible.
- 4.2 Teachers modify teaching and learning as appropriate for these children. For example, they may give additional time to children with disabilities to complete certain activities. In their planning teachers ensure that they give children with disabilities the opportunity to develop skills in practical aspects of the curriculum
- 4.3 Teachers ensure that the work for these children:
  - takes account of their pace of learning and the equipment they use;
  - takes account of the effort and concentration needed in oral work, or when using, for example, vision aids;
  - is adapted or offers alternative activities in those subjects where children are unable to manipulate tools or equipment, or use certain types of materials;
  - allows opportunities for them to take part in educational visits and other activities linked to their studies;
  - includes approaches that allow hearing-impaired children to learn about sound in science and music, and visually-impaired children to learn about light in science, and to use visual resources and images both in art and design and in design and technology;
  - uses assessment techniques that reflect their individual needs and abilities.

## **5 Disapplication and modification**

5.1 The school can, where necessary, modify or disapply the National Curriculum and its assessment arrangements. Our school policy is to do this only in exceptional circumstances. The school makes every effort to meet the learning needs of all its children, without recourse to disapplication or modification. We achieve this through greater differentiation of the child's work, or through the provision of additional learning resources. When necessary, we also support learning through appropriate external specialists. In such cases, teachers work closely with these agencies to support the child.

5.2 In exceptional circumstances we may decide that modification or disapplication is the correct procedure to follow. We would only do this after detailed consultation with parents and the Local Education Authority. The school's governor with responsibility for special educational needs would also be closely involved in this process. We would ensure that every effort had been made to provide the necessary support from within the school's resources before considering such action.

5.3 Should we go ahead with modification or disapplication, we would do so through:

- Section 364 of the Education Act 1996. This allows modification or disapplication of the National Curriculum, or elements of it, through a statement of special educational needs;
- Section 365 of the Education Act 1996. This allows the temporary modification or disapplication of the National Curriculum, or elements of it.

## **6. Racism and inclusion**

6.1 The diversity of our society is addressed through our schemes of work, which reflect the programmes of study of the National Curriculum. Teachers are flexible in their planning and offer appropriate challenges to all pupils, regardless of ethnic or social background. All racist incidents are now recorded and reported to the governing body by the headteacher. The school contacts parents of those pupils involved in racist incidents. Further details are to be found in the school's Racial Equality Policy.

## **7 Summary**

7.1 In our school the teaching and learning, achievements, attitudes and well-being of every child are important. We follow the necessary regulations to ensure that we take the experiences and needs of all our children into account when planning for learning.

# Special Educational Needs and Disabilities Policy

## 1. Key Contacts

**SEND Co-ordinator:** Neil McIntyre

The SEND coordinator is responsible for the day to day running of SEND provision. This will be overseen by the Head Teacher.

Responsibilities:

- Lead on the day to day operation of the school's SEND procedures following guidance in the SEND Code of Practice
- Liaise with teaching and non-teaching members of staff and appropriate agencies
- Lead meetings with external agencies
- Plan closely with class teachers
- Ensure progress is monitored and reviewed
- Conduct annual reviews
- Plan INSET for all staff
- Review and monitor provision

**Contact details:**

Email: [n.mcintyre@holytrintynw1.camden.sch.uk](mailto:n.mcintyre@holytrintynw1.camden.sch.uk)

Telephone number: 0207 267 0771

**Supervisor:** Lorraine Dolan (Head Teacher: [head@holytrintynw1.camden.sch.uk](mailto:head@holytrintynw1.camden.sch.uk))

**SEND Governor:** Tessa Ross

The role of the Governing Body is to have general oversight of this policy and ensure that the school's provision for pupils with SEND is effective. The designated SEND governor works closely with the SENDco and monitors the impact of policy and interventions.

Responsibilities:

- Meet termly with the SENDco for an update on how Holy Trinity and S.Silas is meeting its SEND responsibilities
- Aim to ensure that the necessary provision is made for any child who has special educational needs
- Consult on any complaints regarding SEND provision within the school
- Ensure adequate staffing and training to meet the school's SEND needs
- Report to the Performance Committee and whole Governing Body

## 2. The school's context

Holy Trinity and S.Silas is a Camden primary school for the 4-11 age range (Reception-Year 6). There is one class, with a maximum of 30 children, per Year group. Children start school in the year they turn 5 in our Reception class.

Every teacher is a teacher of pupils with SEND and will ensure that all pupils have the same access to the school's broad and balanced curriculum. Our school will involve parents and children in planning and reviewing progress; we know that

parents are the first educators of their child – their knowledge is essential to effective planning.

### 3. Policy Rationale

The purpose of a policy on Special Educational Needs and Disabilities is to ensure there is whole school agreement on the principles and practice relating to special educational needs and disabilities. The policy reflects the 2014 SEND Code of Practice and will aim to

- Ensure early identification and support for children with SEND
- Ensure all staff follow clear procedures
- Clarify roles and responsibilities within school and with outside agencies
- Strengthen communication between staff and parents/carers
- Enhance the skills, knowledge and understanding of all teachers and support staff
- Support differentiation in teaching
- Link closely with other policies (detailed below)
- Allocate resources on a fair and open basis
- Develop consistency of provision across the school.

This policy is accessible to staff, parents and governors. It makes explicit how we identify, assess, support and review the progress of children whom we judge to have special educational needs. The SEND policy is linked closely to several other school policies. These include the policies for behaviour, assessment, inclusion, equal opportunities and children with medical needs. It is also to be read in conjunction with the school accessibility plan. Provision and procedures for pupils with medical conditions are covered in the Managing Medicines Policy. The policy will be reviewed annually by the SEND coordinator and SEND governor, before being approved by the school governing body.

### 4. Provision for Special Educational Needs

The 2014 SEND Code of Practice states that

*‘A child or young person has SEND if they have a learning difficulty or disability which calls for special educational provision to be made for him or her.*

*A child of compulsory school age or a young person has a learning difficulty or disability if he or she:*

- *has a significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of others of the same age, or*
- *has a disability which prevents or hinders him or her from making use of facilities of a kind generally provided for others of the same age in mainstream schools or mainstream post-16 institutions ‘*

There are a range of special educational needs which are detailed below. Pupils may well have more than one special educational need.

- **Communication and interaction**

Children and young people with speech, language and communication needs (SLCN) have difficulty in communicating with others. This may be because they have difficulty saying what they want to, understanding what is

being said to them or they do not understand or use social rules of communication. The profile for every child with SLCN is different and their needs may change over time. They may have difficulty with one, some or all of the different aspects of speech, language or social communication at different times of their lives.

Children and young people with ASD, including Asperger's Syndrome and Autism, are likely to have particular difficulties with social interaction. They may also experience difficulties with language, communication and imagination, which can impact on how they relate to others.

- **Cognition and learning**

Support for learning difficulties may be required when children and young people learn at a slower pace than their peers, even with appropriate differentiation. Learning difficulties cover a wide range of needs, including moderate learning difficulties (MLD), severe learning difficulties (SLD), where children are likely to need support in all areas of the curriculum, and may have associated difficulties with mobility and communication, through to profound and multiple learning difficulties (PMLD), where children are likely to have severe and complex learning difficulties as well as a physical disability or sensory impairment. Specific learning difficulties (SpLD) affect one or more specific aspects of learning. This encompasses a range of conditions such as dyslexia, dyscalculia and dyspraxia.

- **Social, emotional and mental health difficulties**

Children and young people may experience a wide range of social and emotional difficulties which manifest themselves in many ways. These may include becoming withdrawn or isolated, as well as displaying challenging, disruptive or disturbing behaviour. These behaviours may reflect underlying mental health issues such as anxiety or depression, self-harming, substance misuse, eating disorders or physical symptoms that are medically unexplained. Other children and young people may have disorders such as attention deficit disorder, attention deficit hyperactive disorder or attachment disorder.

- **Sensory and/or physical needs**

Some children and young people require special educational provision because they have a disability which prevents or hinders them from making use of the educational facilities generally provided. These difficulties can be age related and may fluctuate over time. Many children and young people with vision impairment (VI), hearing impairment (HI) or a multi-sensory impairment (MSI) will require specialist support and/or equipment to access their learning, or habilitation support. Children and young people with an MSI have a combination of vision and hearing difficulties. Information on how to provide services for deafblind children and young people is available through the 'Social Care for Deafblind Children and Adults' guidance published by the Department of Health. Some children and young people with a physical disability (PD) require additional ongoing support and equipment to access all the opportunities available to their peers.

- **Medical needs**

Where children have a medical condition and a special educational need the provision will be well-coordinated. This will usually be in the form of an

Individual Health Care Plan. Holy Trinity and S.Silas will support the necessary agencies where a child with a medical condition is having to be educated temporarily away from school.

## **5. Admission arrangements**

Our policy for SEND admissions is included in the school's admission policy. In the event of an SEND application the Governing Body will require sufficient supporting professional evidence so that it may properly consider whether the school is able to fully cater for the child's needs.

The school is aware of the access needs of disabled children, staff and parents/carers. The school's Accessibility Plan seeks to address the statutory requirements of the Equality Act 2010 (which replaces the Disability Discrimination Act 1995). It begins by ensuring the needs of existing disabled pupils are being met. It then goes on to consider what it would need to do to respond to the needs of future disabled pupils. It aims to improve the physical environment of the school site and other resources so that all disabled pupils can take full advantage of the education provided by the school. It also considers the access needs of staff and parents/carers.

## **6. Identification and Assessment for children with SEND**

Holy Trinity and S.Silas has a clear approach to identifying and responding to children with SEND.

Responsibilities of the class teacher:

- Baseline assessments of all pupils in Reception
- Ongoing teacher observation
- Informal and formal half-termly assessments of all pupils in reading, writing and maths
- Teacher's pupil progress analysis to monitor progress of all pupils in core subjects
- PM Benchmark to assess reading skills of identified children
- Use of Target Tracker to identify individuals and groups of pupils who are not making expected progress given their age and individual circumstances.
- Highlighting children of concern to SENDco

Responsibilities of the SENDco:

- Tracking children with SEND to closely monitor their attainment and progress
- Termly SENDco surgeries with class teacher and parent/carers to review the needs of children with SEND
- Sharing of information between class teachers at the end of the school year.

As stated in the 2014 Code of Practice pupils making less than expected progress can be characterised by progress which:

- Is significantly slower than that of their peers starting from the same baseline

- Fails to match or better the child's previous rate of progress
- Fails to close the attainment gap between the child and their peers
- Widens the attainment gap.

A lack of progress or attainment does not automatically mean that a child has a special educational need. If a child's behaviour is deteriorating or not as the school would expect, the school will look at the underlying causes and seek to ascertain whether it is a special educational need that is affecting the child's behaviour or other factors, for example:

- Attendance and punctuality
- Health and welfare
- Housing difficulties
- English as an additional language
- Circumstances leading to eligibility for Pupil premium
- Being a looked after child.

Where a child's learning difficulty or disability calls for special educational provision that differs from or is additional to that which is normally available to pupils of the same age the school will provide appropriate support. This support will depend on the need but a conversation will take place between the school SENDco, class teacher and parent/carer before a Provision Plan is finalised and put in place.

Examples of support are:

| Area of SEND                        | Provision  |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Communication and Interaction       | Speech and language groups<br>Direct and indirect intervention from Speech and Language Therapist/Language and Communication Teacher |
| Cognition and Learning              | 1:1/small group interventions<br>Assessment and target setting from Educational Psychologist   |
| Social, Mental and Emotional Health | Learning mentor support<br>Input from CAMHS (Child and adolescent mental health services)  |
| Sensory and/or physical needs       | 1:1/small group interventions<br>Input from Occupational Therapist   |

Holy Trinity and S.Silas will always consider the needs of the whole child, not just the particular special educational need. This is reflected in the writing and review of a child's Provision Plan, where targets are regularly set, updated and reviewed based on clear dialogue between the school, child and parent/carers.

Where children with SEND support make good progress and it is felt that they no longer need additional support/input they will be removed from the school's SEND profile. Class teachers are made aware of children who have received SEND

support in the past so that they remain closely monitored in case further support is needed in future.

## **7. Provision for children with SEND**

The school has a graduated approach to SEND support:

### **Extra Differentiation**

For many children, their needs can be met through extra differentiation within the classroom. Teachers prepare for this in their weekly plans.

### **Children with disabilities**

Some children in our school have disabilities and consequently need additional resources. The school is committed to providing an environment that allows these children full access to all areas of learning.

Teachers modify teaching and learning to ensure that they give children with disabilities the opportunity to develop skills in practical aspects of the curriculum.

Teachers planning:

- takes account of their pace of learning and the equipment they use
- takes account of the effort and concentration needed in oral work, or when using, for example, vision aids
- is adapted or offers alternative activities in those subjects where children are unable to manipulate tools or equipment, or use certain types of materials
- allows opportunities for them to take part in educational visits and other activities linked to their studies
- includes approaches that allow hearing-impaired children to learn about sound in science and music, and visually-impaired children to learn about light in science, and to use visual resources and images both in art and design and in design and technology
- uses assessment techniques that reflect their individual needs and abilities.

### **Adapting the curriculum and learning environment for pupils with special educational needs**

Holy Trinity and S.Silas will adapt the curriculum and learning environment for pupils with SEND wherever necessary. For example:

- Adapting materials for a visually impaired pupil
- Adjusting the acoustic environment for a hearing impaired pupil
- Ensuring appropriate resources are available for pupils with ASD.

The class teacher and SENDco are responsible for liaising with the headteacher if any pupil needs special access requirements for any exams undertaken.

### **SEND Support**

If the class teacher still has concerns when comparing the attainment and progress of a child with the rest of the class, then the child should be identified for school intervention. The class teacher would discuss the matter with the parent/carer and SENDco and a mutual decision would then be made to put the special needs

support process into action. The SENDco is then responsible for working with the class teacher to acquire relevant information in order to complete assessments, plan for the future support of the child, and monitor and review the action the school has decided to take. Targets and strategies will be recorded on an individual Provision Plan, which will be reviewed at least termly, and a copy of the individual Provision Plan sent home. Whenever possible, the parent/carer and child should be involved in the target setting and review process.

The class teacher and SENDco are responsible for managing the individual Provision Plans and ensuring that additional support is appropriately managed and timetabled. Children will have regular opportunities to assess how well they are doing at meeting their targets. It is the responsibility of class teachers and any other staff who work with children with Provision Plans to make regular brief notes on their progress on the weekly record sheet which is then reviewed by the class teacher, filed in their planning file, and used to inform future planning.

The school may seek support from outside agencies. They may act in an advisory capacity, provide an assessment or provide teaching support. The following outside agencies are currently used to support the work of the school:

- Educational psychology service
- Camden's Language and communication team
- Primary Learning Support Service
- Early Years Intervention Team
- Occupational Therapy Service
- Clinical psychologist.

Other agencies may be used to support children in the school as required. The SENDco will also work closely with the outside agencies and class teacher to plan and review the additional support. Advice from the outside agency will also be incorporated into the child's Provision Plan

### **Assessment for Education Health Care Plan (EHC Plan)**

If SEND Support does not provide adequate or appropriate support, parent/carers or the school may make a request for assessment for an Education Health Care Plan (EHC Plan). The SENDco, with the support of the Head Teacher, is responsible for gathering all the supporting evidence and sending it to the local authority. If an assessment is refused, the parents, with the support of the school, have the right to take the matter to a SEND tribunal.

Once a child has been allocated an Education Health Care Plan, the SENDco is responsible for liaising with the class teacher, the key worker and other relevant members of staff to manage and timetable the additional resources allocated to the child. It is vital that all adults working with the child are clear on the input they are expected to make and that any TAs are suitably trained and prepared. The SENDco is also responsible for arranging and managing annual reviews for all children with an EHC Plan.

### **Funding**

The delegated SEND funding process in Camden means that the money in school is used to respond to all but the most complex special educational needs- this includes using specialist services. The school may also use Pupil Premium

funding where pupils with SEND are also/or have been eligible for free school meals.

### **Records**

All children who receive SEND support have an individual folder that is accessible only to the SENDco. All individual records, plans and/or assessments are confidential and only shared with relevant agencies. If/when a child moves school their records are sent to the new school.

### **Evaluating the effectiveness of provision for pupils with SEND**

The school has a rigorous monitoring programme that includes a termly focus on provision for pupils with SEND. In addition to termly review meetings of children's individual provision plans with the SENDco, class teacher, parent/carer and child, monitoring will include:

- Appropriate classroom organisation and display
- Book scrutiny
- Pupil conversations
- Provision plan weekly records
- Learning walks
- Pupil progress meetings
- Attainment and progress data
- Review of intervention strategies.

Outcomes from this monitoring are then used to update the School Improvement Plan.

### **Assessing and reviewing the progress of pupils with SEND**

Children's attainment and progress in reading, writing, speaking and listening and maths is tracked across the year. Pupil progress meetings are held termly to discuss children's attainment and progress and any child of concern discussed. In addition, children receiving SEND support have

- Weekly records/observations relating to their Provision Plan targets
- Termly review and setting meetings of their Provision Plan targets (with SENDco, class teacher, parent/carer and child)
- Target review and setting meetings with outside agencies
- Annual reviews (for children with an EHC plan)

### **Engagement across the curriculum**

The school seeks to ensure that all pupils, irrespective of any special educational needs, have the opportunity to engage in all the activities of the school (including physical activities). Where appropriate, this may include:

- Lunch and break time support
- Reasonable adjustments made for educational visits and journeys
- PE curriculum adapted as necessary
- Children with SEND being given responsibilities.

### **Support for improving the emotional, mental and social development of pupils with special educational needs**

The school has an inclusive ethos that aims to support all children in their emotional, mental and social development. Support available includes:

- Learning mentor support
- Weekly circle time across the school
- Friendship groups
- Playground Friends
- Year 6 Buddies
- School Council.

The school has an anti-bullying and an e-safety policy that are followed by all staff, and high attendance and punctuality is promoted by weekly recognition and rewards.

## **8. Training of Staff**

All staff, including teaching assistants, have regular training and guidance to meet the needs of our children. In school training with an SEND focus ensures that teachers and TAs:

- Have an awareness of the different special educational needs and disabilities of children in the school
- Are able to plan and teach/support lessons which meet the needs of all children
- Understand the social and emotional needs of children with SEN/D
- Have been briefed on the procedures set out in this policy.

The SENDco has a responsibility to arrange and provide relevant training, which may be run by local or national organisations. There are three levels of training and development:

- *Universal awareness*: for all staff who are in contact with pupils with particular special educational needs
- *Enhanced*: for staff regularly working with with particular SEND pupils, for example in how to adapt teaching and learning to meet specific needs
- *Specialist*: this is in-depth training, advising and supporting on specific needs, for example a course on Autism and how it affects the way a child may learn.

An annual audit of staff training and knowledge of specific needs is undertaken and used to inform training needs across the school.

In the event that a child is coming to school with needs that the school have not previously supported, the SENDco is responsible for organising appropriate training for the staff members likely to be involved with that child. The school uses the eight national Teaching Standards to develop the knowledge, skill and confidence of all of our teachers as part of their professional development.

The SENDco is required to have the national SENDco qualification within three years of starting the job, and is part of the senior leadership team. The designated governor is expected to attend relevant training for their role.

## 9. Equipment and Facilities

Where necessary the school invests in resources and equipment to support children with SEND. This will mainly be from the delegated SEND budget. The school is currently undergoing major refurbishments and building work in order to make the school more accessible. This is part of the school's current Accessibility Plan.

## 10. Parent/Carers

Holy Trinity & S. Silas recognises that an effective partnership with parents/carers is of prime importance. They are informed and involved at every stage of special needs provision. This ranges from discussing initial concerns with the class teacher to co-operating with behaviour management strategies. Parent/carers are invited to termly target setting and review meetings and copies of Provision Plans are sent home each term. Parent/carers of a child with an EHC Plan are invited and expected to attend Annual and Transition meetings.

## 11. Child's involvement

The school believes that the best way to find out if a child is happy, feeling safe and taking part in the full life of our community is to hear their voice. The school makes sure that its children are listened to and responded to in a number of ways including:

- Clear policies and systems to support children in expressing worries or concerns
- Talking to children about their experience of learning
- Conducting an annual pupil questionnaire
- Agreeing individual targets with them
- Ensuring our school council is inclusive and represents the whole school community
- Ensuring that safeguarding procedures are strong and staff well trained.

## 12. Complaints

There is a Complaints Policy published on the school website for any parent/carer wishing to make a complaint. The Governing Body will have the final say on any matter raised.

## 13. Involvement of other services

There are a range of services and organisations that provide support for pupils and families in school. These services will liaise with the school SENDco, class teacher and the parent/carers over this support and the impact it is having on the child.

Services that currently work in the school:

| Specialist Service          | Frequency        | Examples of what they do   |
|-----------------------------|------------------|--|
| Educational Psychologists*  | 6 visits a year  | Observation of children.<br>Advice to staff, parents + children<br>Support for assessments |
| The Camden Hearing Impaired | By referrals for | Support and advice to parents, children  |

|   |                                    |  |
|---|------------------------------------|--|
| service*<br>The Camden Visually Impaired service* | specific children                  | school staff on meeting the needs of HI and VI children<br>Staff training  |
| Occupational Therapists*                          | Fortnightly visits                 | Observation of children.<br>Advice to staff, parents + children<br>Support for assessments   |
| Camden Language and Communication Service*        | By referrals for specific children | Provides practical advice to schools on best practice in inclusive schools and specialist advice on speech, language and communication needs<br><br>Provide whole school and central based training at universal, enhanced and specialist level  |
| Robson House Outreach                             | On request                         | Training, support and advice to school staff, and direct work with children with social, mental and emotional health difficulties  |
| Camden Education Welfare Service*                 | By referrals for specific children | Deals with school attendance and truancy.<br>Prosecutes parents for non-attendance of children and liaises with other organisations to run Truancy Patrols.<br>Acts as a link between a child's school and home.<br>Gives advice and training on how to improve attendance to schools.   |
| The CAMHS Team*                                   | Fortnightly visits                 | Support for the emotional and personal development of children*<br><br>Staff training  |
| MOSAIC – supporting children with complex needs*  | By referrals for specific children | Camden MOSAIC is the integrated service for the borough's disabled children, young people and their families. The service is based at Kentish Town Health Centre.<br>Camden MOSAIC has high aspirations for children and young people with severe disabilities and complex needs, including sensory impairments. Their aim is to help children be able to join in with all aspects of school, leisure and community activities, and support their independence and involvement in all decisions that affect them, preparing them for adult life. |
| Social Services*                                  | By referrals for specific children | Promote the welfare and safety of all children in the borough, provide a long-term social work service for children who are at risk or who have complex needs, through the provision of an allocated social worker.<br><br>Undertake child protection investigations and ensure the  |

|                              |                       |   |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
|                              |                       | <p>implementation of child protection plans, provide advice and guidance for parents</p> <p>Social services undertake in-depth assessments of need for children and families and ensure the provision of appropriate services. Where necessary they might arrange for the accommodation of children .</p> |
| Health visitor/school nurse* | Regular termly visits | <p>Health checks for all children in Reception and Year 6</p> <p>Supporting class teachers in delivery of Sex and Relationship Education</p>  |

## 14. Transition

Before a child comes into our Reception class, a member of staff will undertake nursery and home visits for each child. They will collect information and records from previous nursery provision. If a child has been identified with SEN whilst at nursery the class teacher will visit in the summer before the child begins in September and the class teacher and SENDco will undertake necessary meetings with the professionals involved. We hold a 'transition morning' in the summer term where Reception children and their parent/carers come into school and meet each other. When a child moves up to the next class, the school organises 'transition' meetings where teachers and support staff communicate to the new class teacher and teaching assistant a clear understanding of the needs of all children. When a child comes into our school in the middle of a term we plan a range of support suitable to the particular needs of the child.

When children transfer to another primary school or start a secondary school, the school will ensure that all relevant SEND information is shared with that school. The SENDco may make additional calls to the SENDco of the receiving school where there are particular concerns about a child's transfer.

## 15. Local Offer

The school's Local Offer is published on our website: ([www.holytrinitynw1.camden.sch.uk](http://www.holytrinitynw1.camden.sch.uk)). It sets out what we provide for children with special educational needs and/or disabilities throughout their time with us. It explains how we support them through to their next stage of education. A summary of the school's local offer is also available in booklet form from the school office.

Camden Local Authority publishes on its website a Camden Local Offer ([www.localoffer.camden.gov.uk](http://www.localoffer.camden.gov.uk)) setting out a wide range of information about the specialist services, schools, colleges and organisations that can provide support and information for families of children and young people with SEND. It explains the procedures for requesting an assessment for an Education Health Care Plan, which has replaced the SEND Statement. It also provides information about:

- Where to go for advice and guidance on SEN and disability matters
- Leisure activities for children with SEND

- Arrangements for resolving disagreements and mediation.

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